

Work to create piecewise function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \underline{\hspace{2cm}}, & x \leq \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ \underline{\hspace{2cm}}, & x > \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \end{cases}$$

$$x \leq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

2 pt $(x_1, y_1)(x_2, y_2)$

$$m =$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$x \geq \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

3 pts $(x_1, y_1)(x_2, y_2)(x_3, y_3)$

- ① $f(x_1, y_1)$
- ② $f(x_2, y_2)$
- ③ $f(x_3, y_3)$

①

②

④

④

⑤

⑥

②

③

⑤

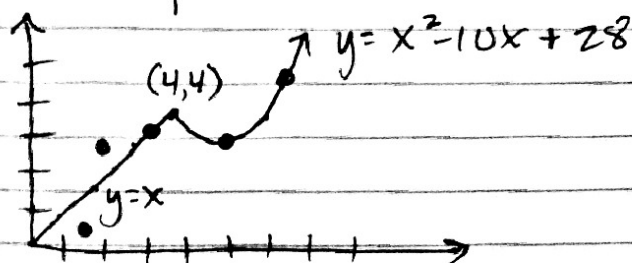
$$a =$$

$$b =$$

$$c =$$

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

WK to prove continuity



PDC (4,4)

$$y=x$$

$$4=4$$

Therefore (4,4) is
a point on the
line $y=x$.

$$y=x^2-10x+28$$

$$4=(4)^2-10(4)+28$$

$$4=16-40+28$$

$$4=4$$

Therefore (4,4) is
a point on the
line $y=x^2-10x+28$

Proof of accurate model

Data pt: (5,3)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & x \leq 4 \\ x^2-10x+28, & x > 4 \end{cases}$$

$5 > 4$ so I will use $x^2-10x+28$

$$3=(5)^2-10(5)+28$$

$$3=25-50+28$$

$$3=3$$

Therefore (5,3) is a pt in $y=x^2-10x+28$